Corridor Analysis 3

3.14 Opportunities

- · Gateways which book-end the corridor.
- $\cdot\,$ The creation of centres and hearts.
- The transition of height and density in an east-west direction.
- · The opportunity to focus height along the corridor.
- · East-west green connections.
- · Key institutions



Legend

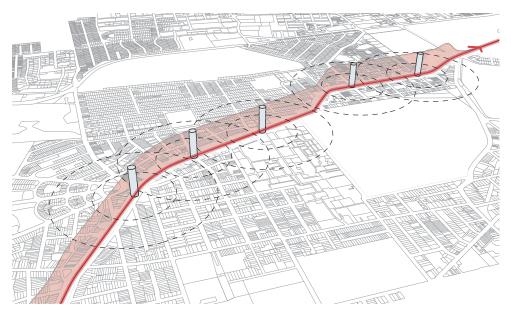
Local Town Centre

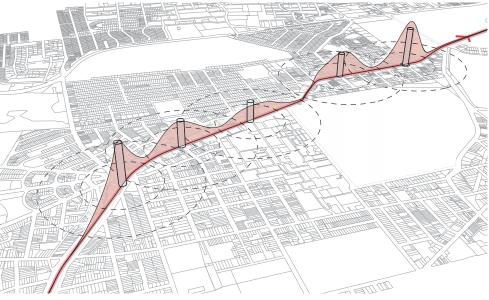
15 Minute Walking Catchment
Light Rail Route
Light Rail Stop
East-West Connection
High Density Residential
Medium Density Residential
Low Density Residential
Key Institution
Public Open Space

Anzac Parade Corridor Strategy

The following section defines eight principles for the Anzac Parade Corridor and how this could be achieved at each station.

4.1 Corridor Principles





Principle 1

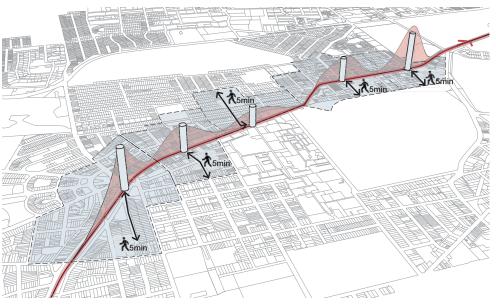
Focus of height around light rail stations

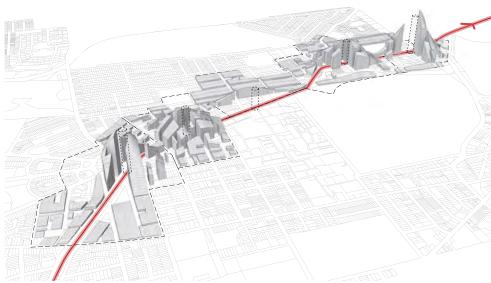
- · A clear hierarchy of centres along Anzac Parade, visually defined by an increased intensity of activity and height
- · Focus of development along Anzac Parade and in local centre and mixed use zones
- Preservation of low & medium density residential areas by delivering density along the Anzac Parade corridor and alleviating pressures to develop on other areas

Principle 2

Vary height adjacent to stations, based on the character of each place

 Undulation and transition of heights - peaking around light rail stops and village centres and falling away towards residential areas to the east and west, and decreasing between each of the stops (north to south)





Principle 3

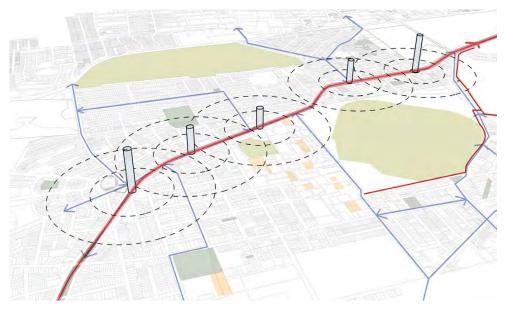
Use the 'real' 5 minute walking catchment around each station, to define the corridor development zones

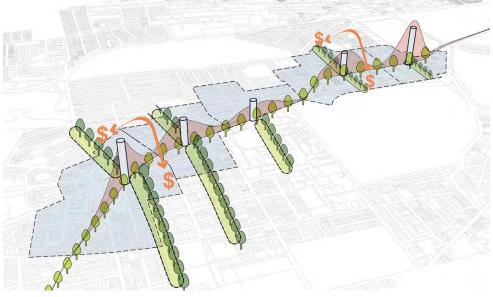
- Delivering density within a 400m catchment of around a high frequency transit station is a key principle of Transport Orientated Development
- Respect the existing fabric of Randwick by delivering a smooth transition of heights from the station down to the edge
 of the 400m catchment and mid points between stations

Principle 4

Recognise the fragmented developabe land around stations, and cease opportunities to deliver height as they emerge

- · The developable land within the 400m catchments around each station is fractured
- · Only a handful of sites are appropriate for increased high limits above the existing controls





Principle 5

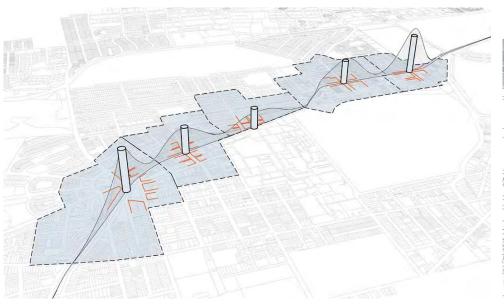
Capitalise on the greater choice for access and mobility

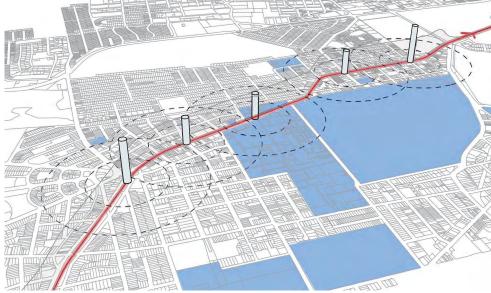
· Support Transport NSW objectives of increasing the mode shift and patronage of the light rail

Principle 6

Enhance and add to the public space and street network

- Larger development projects are required to make generous development contributions to the existing area's public spaces, streetscape and facilities
- Ensure that new development adds to the existing public space and movement network, by creating public-private spaces (ie. internal courtyards or staying places on the street) and a finer grain movement network (ie. through block links)





Principle 7

Interesting and engaging streets

- · Improve walkability and positive experience of the journey from door to door high quality street scape, wayfinding
- · Create a positive experience and interest of travelling along Anzac Parade for all modes walking, commuting or driving
- · Foster 'street life' by delivering an activated ground floor that engages pedestrians, and provides for amenity articulated edges, weather protection and shade, integrated seating

Principle 8

Respond to the needs of the local area, and help the local economy thrive

- Help Randwick fulfil its role as a health and education precinct through providing a mix of accommodation types and ancillary retail - supporting the objectives outlined in A Plan for Growing Sydney
- · Consider the future household size and type needs e.g. aging population, students, short term accommodation
- $\cdot\,$ Support the local businesses by increasing the density of permanent population in Randwick